## 2009 North Carolina Women's Health Report Card Highlights





Overall for all Women Ages 16+: $8.1 \%$

Percentage of women age $18+$ who are disabled ${ }^{5}$


Below are highlights from the 2009 NC Women's Health Report Card. Please visit our website at www.cwhr.unc.edu to view the full version or request additional copies.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Chronic Disease |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2003 | 2007 | Grade | Reproductive Health |
| Heart Disease deaths per 100,000 women |  |  |  |  |
| (ages 15 \& over) |  |  |  |  |

## Infectious Disease

HIV disease cases per 100,000 women ${ }^{5}$

| ALL | 14.9 | 12.4 | C |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 3.4 | 2.8 | B |
| African-American, Non-Hispanic | 50.5 | 42.9 | F |
| American Indian, Non-Hispanic | 17.4 | 12.2 | C |
| Hispanic |  |  |  |

Cervical cancer deaths per 100,000 women (ages 15 \& over) ${ }^{4}$

AlL

| 2.9 | 3.0 | $C$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2.6 | 2.7 | $C$ |
| 4.6 | 4.9 | $D$ |
| $*$ | $*$ |  |
| $*$ | $*$ |  |

African-American, Non-Hispanic
American Indian, Non-Hispanic
Hispanic
Substance Abuse/Mental Health
Percentage of women age 18+ who are current smokers ${ }^{3}$

| AlL | 21.8 | 20.7 | C |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 23.1 | 22.3 | C |
| African-American, Non-Hispanic | 18.1 | 17.4 | B |
| American Indian, Non-Hispanic | 38.8 | 28.8 | C |
| Hispanic | 9.4 | 10.3 | B |
| Percentage of women age 18+ who reported poor |  |  |  |
| ental health for 8 or more days over past month |  |  |  |
| ALL |  |  |  |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 14.0 | 16.4 | D |
| African-American, Non-Hispanic | 13.3 | 16.9 | D |
| American Indian, Non-Hispanic | 18.5 | 30.1 | D |
| Hispanic | 11.5 | 10.1 | B |

Suicide deaths per 100,000 women
(ages 15 \& over) ${ }^{4}$
ALL
White, Non-Hispanic
African-American, Non-Hispanic
American Indian, Non-Hispanic

Hispanic
Preventive Health Practices
Percentage of women age 50+ who did not have a mammogram within the past 2 years $(2002,2006)^{3}$

| AlL | 16.7 | 17.2 | C |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 17.0 | 17.2 | C |
| African-American, Non-Hispanic | 13.2 | 15.9 | D |
| American Indian, Non-Hispanic | 19.9 | 19.1 | C |
| Hispanic | $*$ | 22.8 |  |
| Percentage of women age 50+ who have never had |  |  |  |
| sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy exam (2002,2006) |  |  |  |
| ALL | 51.5 | 37.8 | A |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 49.4 | 36.3 | A |
| African-American, Non-Hispanic | 55.3 | 41.1 | A |
| American Indian, Non-Hispanic | 62.5 | 51.7 | B |
| Hispanic | 64.6 | 52.0 | B |

Percentage of women age $18+$ who did not have a
Pap test within the past 2 years $(2002,2006)^{3}$
AlL

| 13.0 | 18.1 | $F$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 14.2 | 18.4 | F |
| 6.7 | 14.9 | F |
| $*$ | 14.4 |  |
| 15.7 | 20.5 | F |

Percentage of women age 65+ who did not have the flu shot in the past 12 months $^{3}$
ALL
White, Non-Hispanic
African-American, Non-Hispanic
American Indian, Non-Hispanic

Hispanic
*Asterisk indicates that numbers were too small (fewer than 10 ) to calculate reliable estimates. All data for 2003 \& 2007 unless otherwise indicated.

Preventive Health Practices cont.
2003
2007 Grade

Percentage of women age 65+ who have never had
a pneumonia shot ${ }^{3}$

AlL

| 34.1 | 30.4 | B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 30.9 | 27.0 | B |
| 50.4 | 45.4 | C |
| 4.9 | 46.4 | D |

African-American, Non-Hispanic American Indian, Non-Hispanic Hispanic
Percentage of women age 18+ who did not meet the recommended level of physical activity ${ }^{3}$

|  | 64.5 | 58.4 | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AlL | 62.1 | 55.4 | C |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 71.5 | 67.2 | C |
| African-American, Non-Hispanic | 60.9 | 59.5 | C |
| American Indian, Non-Hispanic | 77.9 | 65.9 | C |
| Hispanic |  |  |  |
| Percentage of women age 18+ who have not visited |  |  |  |
| a dentist within the past 12 months (2002,2006) |  |  |  |
| ALL | 30.4 | 31.9 | C |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 27.1 | 28.2 | C |
| African-American, Non-Hispanic | 36.1 | 39.2 | C |
| American Indian, Non-Hispanic | 32.6 | 40.3 | F |
| Hispanic | 55.8 | 50.7 | D |
| Barriers to Health |  |  |  |
|  | 2003 | 2007 | Grade |

Percentage of women age 18+ with no health insurance coverage ${ }^{3}$

| ALL | $15.5 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| White, Non-Hispanic | $12.2 \%$ | $11.4 \%$ | C |
| African-American, Non-Hispanic | $15.4 \%$ | $19.3 \%$ | F |
| American Indian, Non-Hispanic | $22.6 \%$ | $24.3 \%$ | D |
| Hispanic | $63.1 \%$ | $62.4 \%$ | F |

## Data Sources

1 Population estimates were compiled by the State Center for Health Statistics based on vintage 2007 estimates produced by the Population Estimates Program of the U.S. Census Bureau in collaboration with the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). These bridged-race population files contain estimates of the resident population of the United States as of July 1 of each year by age, sex, bridged-race category, and Hispanic origin.
Available at: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/about/major/dvs/popbridge/datadoc.htm
2 US Census Bureau, American Community Survey.
3 NC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), State Center for Health Statistics. BRFSS is an ongoing, monthly telephone survey through which data are collected from randomly selected, non-institutionalized NC adults (age 18 and older) in households with telephones. In 2007, over 9,000 women were interviewed for BRFSS; their survey responses were weighted to represent those of all adult women in the state.
Available at: http://www.schs.state.nc.us/SCHS/brfss/
4 Death certificates for all NC residents, State Center for Health Statistics. Based on primary cause of death. Age-adjusted by the direct method, using the projected 2000 US total population as thestandard.
5 Live birth certificates for all NC residents. Infant deaths were taken from the matched infant death and birth file, State Center for Health Statistics.
6 Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) for North Carolina, State Center for Health Statistics. PRAMS is an ongoing mail/phone survey of women who have recently given birth. Each month, a random sample of mothers are selected from NC birth cerrificates. Each year, approximately $1,500 \mathrm{NC}$ women are interviewed for PRAMS; their responses are then weighted to represent those of all women giving birth in the state. There is no minimum age specification from PRAMS. Available at: http://www.schs.state.nc.us/SCHS/prams/
7 NC Division of Public Health, Epidemiology Section, HIV/STD Prevention and Care Branch.


North Carolina Obstetrical and Gynecological Society

