

Ashlea M. Carver; Joseph G. L. Lee, MPH, CPH; Leah M. Ranney, PhD; Adam O. Goldstein, MD, MPH

\* Tobacco Prevention and Evaluation Program, Department of Family Medicine, UNC School of Medicine, Chapel Hill, North Carolina, USA

## Background

- NC Tobacco-Free Colleges Initiative promotes tobacco-free policies, compliance and cessation across NC Campuses
- After 4 years, NC leads nation in voluntary tobacco-free policy adoption on college campuses<sup>1</sup>
- Web-based data collection system, CORES, for Initiative's Evaluation
- Goals:
  1. Decrease data entry frustration for evaluation staff and end users
  2. Increase data entry efficiency for end users

## Methods

- Structured phone interviews with grantees (n=6) to discuss how system is used (usability) and how questions are understood (cognition)
- Used publically available resource (usability.gov) to develop tasks and questions (Table 1)
- Provided interviewees with guide to see questions (cognition) and used existing CORES (usability)
- Qualitatively analyzed task responses and suggestions to identify themes and improvements needed

## Results

- Identified features appreciated by end users
- Identified ways to improve data entry and flow (Table 2)
- Implemented changes based on findings (Figure 1)

## Discussion

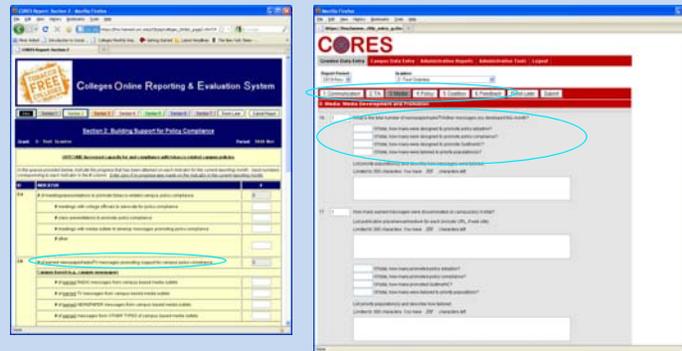
- Simple online resources (<http://www.usability.gov>) available to conduct usability testing
- Both cognition and usability are important
- Emphasize testing system not individual
- Usability testing requires reinforcement for subjects to think out loud

Figure 1: Interface Changes Before and After “Makeover”

1a-b: Simplified pages to reduce visual clutter



1c-d: Changed reporting structure to report by type of activity instead of by content of activity (i.e., all media reported under one place)



1e-f: Converted indicators into questions and clarified language to improve understanding

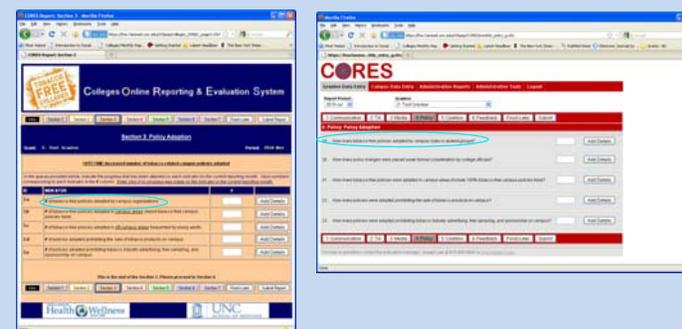


Table 1: Example Tasks for Interviewees

Usability How system is used	Cognition How questions are interpreted
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General example: “Find the weather in College Station, TX. Tell me how you find this information.”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General example: “How many windows are in your home? Tell me how you would answer.”</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relevant example: “You’ve designed new stickers about a campus tobacco-free policy for doors on campus buildings. Unfortunately, for the last three months the campus office that needs to approve them hasn’t made a decision. Report this in CORES.”</li> <li>• “Tell me each step you take.”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relevant example: “Please read the question and tell me your thought process.” Please list up to two challenges or problems you encountered during this month.</li> <li>• “What types of things would you report here?”</li> <li>• “How could this question be made easier to answer?”</li> </ul>

Table 2: Suggestions for Improvement

Before	After
System Layout: “Easy to work through”	Kept same structure
Time Efficient: “Much quicker reporting...more time doing implementation than reporting”	Worked to keep and improve
Cluttered with text (1a)	Reduced text and instructions (1b)
Under-reporting of media message themes (1c)	Changed reporting to give total number off actual messages (i.e., letter to editor = 1) and then breakout by content (e.g., covers policy adoption and promotes QuitlineNC) (1d)
Unclear language: “[The] wording could be more specific” (1e)	Revised language (1f): e.g., “college organizations” changed to “student clubs and groups”
Clicked on “auto-total” boxes that appear above questions	Moved to below questions
Barriers are selected from list.	Changed barriers to open text.

## References

1. Joseph G L Lee, Adam O Goldstein, Kathryn D Kramer, Julea Steiner, Mary Mathew, Mark M Ezzel, Vandana Shah. Statewide diffusion of 100% tobacco-free college and university policies. Tob Control 2010;19:311-317.
2. Dillman DA, Smyth JD, Christian LM. Internet, Mail, and Mixed-Mode Surveys: The Tailored Design Method. (Hoboken, New Jersey) 2009; 151-233.