





## **Patient Story**



### Importance: Anemia is a Common Obstetric Problem



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= Pregnant Patients at UNC w/IDA

### Importance: Associated with adverse maternal and neonatal outcomes



C-section



Intrapartum or postpartum blood transfusion



Breastfeeding and bonding difficulties



Perinatal depression





Importance: Anemia is preventable, modifiable, and contributes to disparities



**OBSTETRICS: ORIGINAL RESEARCH** 

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Black maternal deaths and disparities increase in Mississippi

# Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Anemia and Severe Maternal Morbidity

1 in 5 SMM in Black patients is attributable to

antepartum anemia

Igbinosa, et al. Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Anemia and Severe Maternal Morbidity. Obstetrics & Gynecology 142(4):p 845-854, October 2023. **Global aim:** To reduce pregnancy-associated morbidity and mortality

Project aim: Reduce percentage of pregnant patients with moderate or severe maternal anemia on day of delivery from8% to 5% by September 30, 2023.

#### **CHANGE IDEAS**



#### **PROJECT TOOLKIT**









#### Changes PROVIDER RESOURCES



Revised: 05-23-22

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#### **Changes:** PATIENT RESOURCES

Tips:

resources/

Vegetables can be fresh, frozen, or canned.				
Vitamin C will help you absorb iron. Eat foods with iron and foods with vitamin C together.		<b>6</b>		
Keep taking a <b>prenatal vitamin</b> that contains <b>27 mg of iron</b> .		Examples of meals that inclu is absorbed by your body:	de iron + vitamin C, which helps in	crease the amount of iron that
Cooking with a <b>cast iron pan</b> can <b>increase the iron</b> in the food.		Eggs with chroizo (sausage), 1 corn tortilla, small glass of orange juice	Oatmeal with berries*	Stir fried shrimp with bell peppers and bok choy
Resources are available in r <ul> <li>Physical handouts</li> <li>QR code</li> </ul>	nultiple ways:         Tacos with meat and beans. Top with tomato salsa and lime juice.             Beef burger, salad with tomatoes		Chana dal. Chickpeas with tomatoes.*	
• Website:		Grits with beans, eggs, and salsa *	Black eyed peas, collard greens,	Veggie burger, salad with tomatoes*
https://www.med.unc.edu/c	bgyn/patient care/prenatal-	*Vegetarian		

# Changes: <u>PATIENT RESOURCES</u>



Frequently Asked Questions				
How should I take an oral iron supplement?	<ul> <li>Best absorbed when taken on an empty stomach.</li> <li>However, okay to take with a small amount of food if improves compliance</li> <li>Try to avoid taking with foods that are calcium-rich, such as dairy products and leafy greens, as they may decrease the amount of iron that your body absorbs.</li> </ul>			
Is it okay to take my iron with a daily multivitamin?	<ul> <li>The amount of calcium contained in multivitamins or prenatal vitamins is likely not enough to greatly reduce the amount of iron your body absorbs.</li> </ul>			
Should I take my iron supplement with a source of vitamin C?	<ul> <li>Not necessary to take oral iron with vitamin C to improve its absorption.</li> <li>Newer data has shown that vitamin C is not essential to enhance oral iron absorption.</li> </ul>			
How do I manage the adverse effects of taking an oral iron supplement?	<ul> <li>Constipation: Stool softeners like Colace<sup>®</sup> and gentle laxatives like Miralax<sup>®</sup> can help alleviate symptoms of constipation.</li> <li>Nausea and indigestion: Take with a small amount of food</li> <li>Newer data has shown that taking an oral iron supplement every other day instead of daily or multiple times a day may improve absorption and reduce side effects.</li> </ul>			

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#### Changes ACCESS TO TREATMENT

- Transitioning from inpatient to outpatient IV Iron
- Updated anemia treatment algorithm to facilitate outpatient treatment
- Developed EPIC tip sheet and video for ordering therapy plan
- In-clinic patient interviews regarding diagnosis and treatment of anemia and treatment access



## IV Iron:

#### Troubleshooting Common OB IV Iron Questions

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Throughout 2022-23 the UNC OB clinics have worked hard to identify, medically correct, and organizationally improve prenatal anemia resulting in a reduction of moderate to severe anemia at time of delivery. Below are the most frequent questions to help providers navigate some common questions asked about IV iron.

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	FAQs	Locations	Contact
<ul><li>32 Weeks</li><li>Gestation</li></ul>	Q: My patient is less than 32 weeks gestation, can they get more than 1 infusion? A: Yes! We would recommend a non-Infed forumation	UNC Eastowne (Epic Dept- UNCH THERAPEUTIC INFUSION CTR EASTOWNE) and Pittsboro Infusion (Epic Dept- UNCH THERAPEUTIC INFUSION CENTER PITTSBORO) Easy parking Extended hours Non-Infed Formulations	<ul> <li>Place therapy plan in Epic**</li> <li>Send Infusion location Epic in basket message</li> </ul>
Self Pay	<ul> <li>Q: What if the patient is self pay?</li> <li>A: Faraheme and Ferrlecit are the recommended infusion given they have a manufacture discount program</li> </ul>	Eastowne (Epic Dept- UNCH THERAPEUTIC INFUSION CTR EASTOWNE)     UNC Medical Center (Epic Dept-UNC ONCOLOGY INFUSION CHAPEL HILL),     UNC Rex Day Infusion Center (Epic Dept-REXH DAY INFUSION RALEIGH)	<ul> <li>Place therapy plan in Epic**</li> <li>Send Infusion location Epic in basket message</li> </ul>
Urgent	<ul> <li>Q: What if the infusion is needed ASAP due to gestational age?</li> <li>A: L&amp;D triage or 3 Women's may be an options, but still put the outpatient therapy plan as a back up</li> </ul>	UNC Rex Day Infusion Center (Epic Dept-REXH DAY INFUSION RALEIGH) • Faster schedule rate • Can now infuse Infed	<ul> <li>In basket message Patrice Baker to see if the 1 triage bed is available for that week</li> <li>In basket message Amy Watkins for 3 Women's availability</li> </ul>



### How will we know a change is an improvement?

#### **Process measures:**

- Increased identification of iron deficiency anemia
- Increase utilization of outpatient IV iron

**Balancing measure:** 

• Provider survey: How is this impacting provider workflow and EMR fatigue

#### **Process Measure:** Increase serum ferritin screening from 35% to 75%



# **Process Measure: Increase outpatient IV iron utilization for eligible patients from 0 to 25%**



#### May 1, 2023-July 31, 2023

#### 80% (48/60) IV iron infusions occurred outpatient

#### **Balancing measure**

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#### **OUTCOME MEASURE**

#### Percent of ALL Pregnant Patients\* with Moderate or Severe Maternal Anemia on Day of Delivery

\*=Patients with 1 or more visit at UNC within 6 weeks of delivery





Percent of Hispanic Pregnant Patients\* with Moderate or Severe Maternal Anemia on Day of Delivery

\*=Patients with 1 or more visit at UNC within 6 weeks of delivery



Percent of White Pregnant Patients\* with Moderate or Severe Maternal Anemia on Day of Delivery \*=Patients with 1 or more visit at UNC within 6 weeks of delivery



#### **Celebrating success!**

- Increased awareness around prevalence and treatment
- PROVIDER SURVEY:

78% respondents are using developed anemia resources

89% agree or strongly agree that toolkit improves their ability to provide care

• Engagement with MPH students for project roll out, PDSA cycles





#### **Celebrating success!**

- Merging nursing workflow to increase ferritin screening- almost at goal!
- Transitioning to outpatient IV iron and meeting goal for project year!
- Celebrating our stakeholders and sharing data



#### **Barriers and challenges**

 Multiple stakeholders with different workflows at different locations



- Provider accountability with documentation and follow up
- Medication shortages limiting therapeutic options
- Infusion chair availability and time sensitive nature for IV iron in pregnancy

#### **Sustainability and looking forward**

- Identified Chief Quality Nurse for monthly data collection
- Quarterly reports to nursing, infusion, and provider teams
- Engaged Women's Hospital Executive Leadership re: IV iron chair availability and exploring creating a space in WH
- Deep dive into data to understand contributing aspects to disparities



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Thank you!

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